

HOUSE BILL No. 1636

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 36-7-14.

Synopsis: Redevelopment commission bonds; TIF expenditures. Requires a redevelopment commission to obtain approval of the municipal or county fiscal body before issuing bonds. Provides that expenditures from a tax increment finance allocation fund are subject to approval by the municipal or county fiscal body. Provides that the municipal or county fiscal body may not refuse to approve an expenditure from the allocation fund if that refusal would impair the rights of bondholders.

Effective: July 1, 1999; March 1, 2001.

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January 21, 1999, read first time and referred to Committee on Local Government.



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Introduced

First Regular Session 111th General Assembly (1999)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 1998 General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1636

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1 SECTION 1. IC 36-7-14-25.1 (CURRENT VERSION) IS
2 AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]:
3 Sec. 25.1. (a) In addition to other methods of raising money for
4 property acquisition or redevelopment in a blighted area, and in
5 anticipation of the special tax to be levied under section 27 of this
6 chapter, the taxes allocated under section 39 of this chapter, or other
7 revenues of the district, or any combination of these sources, **and**
8 **subject to approval by the fiscal body of the unit under subsection**
9 **(d)**, the redevelopment commission may, by resolution, issue the bonds
10 of the special taxing district in the name of the unit. The amount of the
11 bonds may not exceed the total, as estimated by the commission, of all
12 expenses reasonably incurred in connection with the acquisition and
13 redevelopment of the property, including:
14 (1) the total cost of all land, rights-of-way, and other property to
15 be acquired and redeveloped;
16 (2) all reasonable and necessary architectural, engineering, legal,
17 financing, accounting, advertising, bond discount, and

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supervisory expenses related to the acquisition and redevelopment of the property or the issuance of bonds;

(3) capitalized interest permitted by this chapter and a debt service reserve for the bonds to the extent the redevelopment commission determines that a reserve is reasonably required; and
(4) expenses that the redevelopment commission is required or permitted to pay under IC 8-23-17.

(b) If the redevelopment commission plans to acquire different parcels of land or let different contracts for redevelopment work at approximately the same time, whether under one (1) or more resolutions, the commission may provide for the total cost in one (1) issue of bonds.

(c) The bonds must be dated as set forth in the bond resolution and negotiable, subject to the requirements of the bond resolution for registering the bonds. The resolution authorizing the bonds must state:

- (1) the denominations of the bonds;
- (2) the place or places at which the bonds are payable; and
- (3) the term of the bonds, which may not exceed fifty (50) years.

The resolution may also state that the bonds are redeemable before maturity with or without a premium, as determined by the redevelopment commission.

(d) The redevelopment commission shall certify a copy of the resolution authorizing the bonds to the **fiscal body of the unit. Upon adoption of an ordinance approving issuance of the bonds, the fiscal body shall deliver the resolution to the** municipal or county fiscal officer, who shall then prepare the bonds. The seal of the unit must be impressed on the bonds, or a facsimile of the seal must be printed on the bonds.

(e) The bonds must be executed by the appropriate officer of the unit, and attested by the municipal or county fiscal officer.

(f) The bonds are exempt from taxation for all purposes.

(g) The municipal or county fiscal officer shall give notice of the sale of the bonds by publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1. The municipal fiscal officer, or county fiscal officer or executive, shall sell the bonds to the highest bidder, but may not sell them for less than ninety-seven percent (97%) of their par value. However, bonds payable solely or in part from tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(2) of this chapter, or other revenues of the district may be sold at a private negotiated sale.

(h) Except as provided in subsection (i), a redevelopment commission may not issue the bonds when the total issue, including bonds already issued and to be issued, exceeds two percent (2%) of the

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total assessed valuation of the special taxing district, after deducting all mortgage exemptions in the district.

(i) The bonds are not a corporate obligation of the unit but are an indebtedness of the taxing district. The bonds and interest are payable, as set forth in the bond resolution of the redevelopment commission:

(1) from a special tax levied upon all of the property in the taxing district, as provided by section 27 of this chapter;

(2) from the tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(2) of this chapter;

(3) from other revenues available to the redevelopment commission; or

(4) from a combination of the methods stated in subdivisions (1) through (3).

If the bonds are payable solely from the tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(2) of this chapter, other revenues of the redevelopment commission, or any combination of these sources, they may be issued in any amount without limitation.

(j) Proceeds from the sale of bonds may be used to pay the cost of interest on the bonds for a period not to exceed five (5) years from the date of issuance.

(k) All laws relating to the giving of notice of the issuance of bonds, the giving of notice of a hearing on the appropriation of the proceeds of the bonds, the right of taxpayers to appear and be heard on the proposed appropriation, and the approval of the appropriation by the state board of tax commissioners apply to all bonds issued under this chapter that are payable from the special benefits tax levied pursuant to section 27 of this chapter or from taxes allocated under section 39 of this chapter.

(l) All laws relating to the filing of petitions requesting the issuance of bonds and the right of taxpayers to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds apply to bonds issued under this chapter, except for bonds payable solely from tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(2) of this chapter, other revenues of the redevelopment commission, or any combination of these sources.

(m) If a debt service reserve is created from the proceeds of bonds, the debt service reserve may be used to pay principal and interest on the bonds as provided in the bond resolution.

(n) Any amount remaining in the debt service reserve after all of the bonds of the issue for which the debt service reserve was established have matured shall be deposited in the allocation fund established under section 39(b)(2) of this chapter.

(o) If bonds are issued under this chapter that are payable solely or



in part from revenues to the redevelopment commission from a project or projects, the redevelopment commission may adopt a resolution or trust indenture or enter into covenants as is customary in the issuance of revenue bonds. The resolution or trust indenture may pledge or assign the revenues from the project or projects, but may not convey or mortgage any project or parts of a project. The resolution or trust indenture may also contain any provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the bond owners as may be reasonable and proper and not in violation of law, including covenants setting forth the duties of the redevelopment commission. The redevelopment commission may establish fees and charges for the use of any project and covenant with the owners of any bonds to set those fees and charges at a rate sufficient to protect the interest of the owners of the bonds. Any revenue bonds issued by the redevelopment commission that are payable solely from revenues of the commission shall contain a statement to that effect in the form of bond.

SECTION 2. IC 36-7-14-25.1 (DELAYED VERSION) IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE MARCH 1, 2001]: Sec. 25.1. (a) In addition to other methods of raising money for property acquisition or redevelopment in a blighted area, and in anticipation of the special tax to be levied under section 27 of this chapter, the taxes allocated under section 39 of this chapter, or other revenues of the district, or any combination of these sources, **and subject to approval by the fiscal body of the unit under subsection (d)**, the redevelopment commission may, by resolution, issue the bonds of the special taxing district in the name of the unit. The amount of the bonds may not exceed the total, as estimated by the commission, of all expenses reasonably incurred in connection with the acquisition and redevelopment of the property, including:

- (1) the total cost of all land, rights-of-way, and other property to be acquired and redeveloped;
- (2) all reasonable and necessary architectural, engineering, legal, financing, accounting, advertising, bond discount, and supervisory expenses related to the acquisition and redevelopment of the property or the issuance of bonds;
- (3) capitalized interest permitted by this chapter and a debt service reserve for the bonds to the extent the redevelopment commission determines that a reserve is reasonably required; and
- (4) expenses that the redevelopment commission is required or permitted to pay under IC 8-23-17.

(b) If the redevelopment commission plans to acquire different parcels of land or let different contracts for redevelopment work at



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approximately the same time, whether under one (1) or more resolutions, the commission may provide for the total cost in one (1) issue of bonds.

(c) The bonds must be dated as set forth in the bond resolution and negotiable, subject to the requirements of the bond resolution for registering the bonds. The resolution authorizing the bonds must state:

(1) the denominations of the bonds;

(2) the place or places at which the bonds are payable; and

(3) the term of the bonds, which may not exceed fifty (50) years.

The resolution may also state that the bonds are redeemable before maturity with or without a premium, as determined by the redevelopment commission.

(d) The redevelopment commission shall certify a copy of the resolution authorizing the bonds to the **fiscal body of the unit. Upon adoption of an ordinance approving issuance of the bonds, the fiscal body shall deliver the resolution to the** municipal or county fiscal officer, who shall then prepare the bonds. The seal of the unit must be impressed on the bonds, or a facsimile of the seal must be printed on the bonds.

(e) The bonds must be executed by the appropriate officer of the unit, and attested by the municipal or county fiscal officer.

(f) The bonds are exempt from taxation for all purposes.

(g) The municipal or county fiscal officer shall give notice of the sale of the bonds by publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1. The municipal fiscal officer, or county fiscal officer or executive, shall sell the bonds to the highest bidder, but may not sell them for less than ninety-seven percent (97%) of their par value. However, bonds payable solely or in part from tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(2) of this chapter, or other revenues of the district may be sold at a private negotiated sale.

(h) Except as provided in subsection (i), a redevelopment commission may not issue the bonds when the total issue, including bonds already issued and to be issued, exceeds two percent (2%) of the adjusted value of the taxable property in the special taxing district, as determined under IC 36-1-15.

(i) The bonds are not a corporate obligation of the unit but are an indebtedness of the taxing district. The bonds and interest are payable, as set forth in the bond resolution of the redevelopment commission:

(1) from a special tax levied upon all of the property in the taxing district, as provided by section 27 of this chapter;

(2) from the tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(2) of this chapter;



(3) from other revenues available to the redevelopment commission; or

(4) from a combination of the methods stated in subdivisions (1) through (3).

If the bonds are payable solely from the tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(2) of this chapter, other revenues of the redevelopment commission, or any combination of these sources, they may be issued in any amount without limitation.

(j) Proceeds from the sale of bonds may be used to pay the cost of interest on the bonds for a period not to exceed five (5) years from the date of issuance.

(k) All laws relating to the giving of notice of the issuance of bonds, the giving of notice of a hearing on the appropriation of the proceeds of the bonds, the right of taxpayers to appear and be heard on the proposed appropriation, and the approval of the appropriation by the state board of tax commissioners apply to all bonds issued under this chapter that are payable from the special benefits tax levied pursuant to section 27 of this chapter or from taxes allocated under section 39 of this chapter.

(l) All laws relating to the filing of petitions requesting the issuance of bonds and the right of taxpayers to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds apply to bonds issued under this chapter, except for bonds payable solely from tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(2) of this chapter, other revenues of the redevelopment commission, or any combination of these sources.

(m) If a debt service reserve is created from the proceeds of bonds, the debt service reserve may be used to pay principal and interest on the bonds as provided in the bond resolution.

(n) Any amount remaining in the debt service reserve after all of the bonds of the issue for which the debt service reserve was established have matured shall be deposited in the allocation fund established under section 39(b)(2) of this chapter.

(o) If bonds are issued under this chapter that are payable solely or in part from revenues to the redevelopment commission from a project or projects, the redevelopment commission may adopt a resolution or trust indenture or enter into covenants as is customary in the issuance of revenue bonds. The resolution or trust indenture may pledge or assign the revenues from the project or projects, but may not convey or mortgage any project or parts of a project. The resolution or trust indenture may also contain any provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the bond owners as may be reasonable and proper and not in violation of law, including covenants setting forth the



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1 duties of the redevelopment commission. The redevelopment
 2 commission may establish fees and charges for the use of any project
 3 and covenant with the owners of any bonds to set those fees and
 4 charges at a rate sufficient to protect the interest of the owners of the
 5 bonds. Any revenue bonds issued by the redevelopment commission
 6 that are payable solely from revenues of the commission shall contain
 7 a statement to that effect in the form of bond.

8 SECTION 3. IC 36-7-14-39 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 9 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 39. (a) As used in this
 10 section:

11 "Allocation area" means that part of a blighted area to which an
 12 allocation provision of a declaratory resolution adopted under section
 13 15 of this chapter refers for purposes of distribution and allocation of
 14 property taxes.

15 "Base assessed value" means the following:

16 (1) If an allocation provision is adopted after June 30, 1995, in a
 17 declaratory resolution or an amendment to a declaratory
 18 resolution establishing an economic development area:

19 (A) the net assessed value of all the property as finally
 20 determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the
 21 effective date of the allocation provision of the declaratory
 22 resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h); plus

23 (B) to the extent that it is not included in clause (A), the net
 24 assessed value of property that is assessed as residential
 25 property under the rules of the state board of tax
 26 commissioners, as finally determined for any assessment date
 27 after the effective date of the allocation provision.

28 (2) If an allocation provision is adopted after June 30, 1997, in a
 29 declaratory resolution or an amendment to a declaratory
 30 resolution establishing a blighted area:

31 (A) the net assessed value of all the property as finally
 32 determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the
 33 effective date of the allocation provision of the declaratory
 34 resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h); plus

35 (B) to the extent that it is not included in clause (A), the net
 36 assessed value of property that is assessed as residential
 37 property under the rules of the state board of tax
 38 commissioners, as finally determined for any assessment date
 39 after the effective date of the allocation provision.

40 (3) If:

41 (A) an allocation provision adopted before June 30, 1995, in
 42 a declaratory resolution or an amendment to a declaratory

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1 resolution establishing a blighted area expires after June 30,
2 1997; and

3 (B) after June 30, 1997, a new allocation provision is included
4 in an amendment to the declaratory resolution;

5 the net assessed value of all the property as finally determined for
6 the assessment date immediately preceding the effective date of
7 the allocation provision adopted after June 30, 1997, as adjusted
8 under subsection (h).

9 (4) Except as provided in subdivision (5), for all other allocation
10 areas, the net assessed value of all the property as finally
11 determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the
12 effective date of the allocation provision of the declaratory
13 resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h).

14 (5) If an allocation area established in an economic development
15 area before July 1, 1995, is expanded after June 30, 1995, the
16 definition in subdivision (1) applies to the expanded portion of the
17 area added after June 30, 1995.

18 (6) If an allocation area established in a blighted area before July
19 1, 1997, is expanded after June 30, 1997, the definition in
20 subdivision (2) applies to the expanded portion of the area added
21 after June 30, 1997.

22 Except as provided in section 39.3 of this chapter, "property taxes"
23 means taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on real property. However, upon
24 approval by a resolution of the redevelopment commission adopted
25 before June 1, 1987, "property taxes" also includes taxes imposed
26 under IC 6-1.1 on depreciable personal property. If a redevelopment
27 commission adopted before June 1, 1987, a resolution to include within
28 the definition of property taxes taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on
29 depreciable personal property that has a useful life in excess of eight
30 (8) years, the commission may by resolution determine the percentage
31 of taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on all depreciable personal property
32 that will be included within the definition of property taxes. However,
33 the percentage included must not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of
34 the taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on all depreciable personal property.

35 (b) A declaratory resolution adopted under section 15 of this chapter
36 before January 1, 2006, may include a provision with respect to the
37 allocation and distribution of property taxes for the purposes and in the
38 manner provided in this section. A declaratory resolution previously
39 adopted may include an allocation provision by the amendment of that
40 declaratory resolution before January 1, 2006, in accordance with the
41 procedures required for its original adoption. A declaratory resolution
42 or an amendment that establishes an allocation provision after June 30,

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1995, must specify an expiration date for the allocation provision that may not be more than thirty (30) years after the date on which the allocation provision is established. However, if bonds or other obligations that were scheduled when issued to mature before the specified expiration date and that are payable only from allocated tax proceeds with respect to the allocation area remain outstanding as of the expiration date, the allocation provision does not expire until all of the bonds or other obligations are no longer outstanding. The allocation provision may apply to all or part of the blighted area. The allocation provision must require that any property taxes subsequently levied by or for the benefit of any public body entitled to a distribution of property taxes on taxable property in the allocation area be allocated and distributed as follows:

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the proceeds of the taxes attributable to the lesser of:

(A) the assessed value of the property for the assessment date with respect to which the allocation and distribution is made; or

(B) the base assessed value;

shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid into the funds of the respective taxing units.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subdivision (1) shall be allocated to the redevelopment district and, when collected, paid into an allocation fund for that allocation area that, **subject to subsection (i)**, may be used by the redevelopment district only to do one (1) or more of the following:

(A) Pay the principal of and interest on any obligations payable solely from allocated tax proceeds which are incurred by the redevelopment district for the purpose of financing or refinancing the redevelopment of that allocation area.

(B) Establish, augment, or restore the debt service reserve for bonds payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area.

(C) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds payable from allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area and from the special tax levied under section 27 of this chapter.

(D) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds issued by the unit to pay for local public improvements in or serving that allocation area.

(E) Pay premiums on the redemption before maturity of bonds payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in that



allocation area.

(F) Make payments on leases payable from allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area under section 25.2 of this chapter.

(G) Reimburse the unit for expenditures made by it for local public improvements (which include buildings, parking facilities, and other items described in section 25.1(a) of this chapter) in or serving that allocation area.

(H) Reimburse the unit for rentals paid by it for a building or parking facility in or serving that allocation area under any lease entered into under IC 36-1-10.

(I) Pay all or a portion of a property tax replacement credit to taxpayers in an allocation area as determined by the redevelopment commission. This credit equals the amount determined under the following STEPS for each taxpayer in a taxing district (as defined in IC 6-1.1-1-20) that contains all or part of the allocation area:

STEP ONE: Determine that part of the sum of the amounts under IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(1)(A), IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(2), IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(3), IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(4), and IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(5) that is attributable to the taxing district.

STEP TWO: Divide:

(A) that part of twenty percent (20%) of each county's total county tax levy payable that year as determined under IC 6-1.1-21-4 that is attributable to the taxing district; by

(B) the STEP ONE sum.

STEP THREE: Multiply:

(A) the STEP TWO quotient; times

(B) the total amount of the taxpayer's property taxes levied in the taxing district that have been allocated during that year to an allocation fund under this section.

If not all the taxpayers in an allocation area receive the credit in full, each taxpayer in the allocation area is entitled to receive the same proportion of the credit. A taxpayer may not receive a credit under this section and a credit under section 39.5 of this chapter in the same year.

(J) Pay expenses incurred by the redevelopment commission for local public improvements that are in the allocation area or serving the allocation area. Public improvements include buildings, parking facilities, and other items described in section 25.1(a) of this chapter.

(K) Reimburse public and private entities for expenses



1 incurred in training employees of industrial facilities that are
2 located:

- 3 (i) in the allocation area; and
- 4 (ii) on a parcel of real property that has been classified as
5 industrial property under the rules of the state board of tax
6 commissioners.

7 However, the total amount of money spent for this purpose in
8 any year may not exceed the total amount of money in the
9 allocation fund that is attributable to property taxes paid by the
10 industrial facilities described in this clause. The
11 reimbursements under this clause must be made within three
12 (3) years after the date on which the investments that are the
13 basis for the increment financing are made.

14 The allocation fund may not be used for operating expenses of the
15 commission.

16 (3) Except as provided in subsection (g), before July 15 of each
17 year the commission shall do the following:

18 (A) Determine the amount, if any, by which the base assessed
19 value when multiplied by the estimated tax rate of the
20 allocation area will exceed the amount of assessed value
21 needed to produce the property taxes necessary to make, when
22 due, principal and interest payments on bonds described in
23 subdivision (2) plus the amount necessary for other purposes
24 described in subdivision (2).

25 (B) Notify the county auditor of the amount, if any, of the
26 amount of excess assessed value that the commission has
27 determined may be allocated to the respective taxing units in
28 the manner prescribed in subdivision (1). The commission
29 may not authorize an allocation of assessed value to the
30 respective taxing units under this subdivision if to do so would
31 endanger the interests of the holders of bonds described in
32 subdivision (2) or lessors under section 25.3 of this chapter.

33 (c) For the purpose of allocating taxes levied by or for any taxing
34 unit or units, the assessed value of taxable property in a territory in the
35 allocation area that is annexed by any taxing unit after the effective
36 date of the allocation provision of the declaratory resolution is the
37 lesser of:

- 38 (1) the assessed value of the property for the assessment date with
39 respect to which the allocation and distribution is made; or
- 40 (2) the base assessed value.

41 (d) Property tax proceeds allocable to the redevelopment district
42 under subsection (b)(2) may, subject to subsection (b)(3), be

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1 irrevocably pledged by the redevelopment district for payment as set
2 forth in subsection (b)(2).

3 (e) Notwithstanding any other law, each assessor shall, upon
4 petition of the redevelopment commission, reassess the taxable
5 property situated upon or in, or added to, the allocation area, effective
6 on the next assessment date after the petition.

7 (f) Notwithstanding any other law, the assessed value of all taxable
8 property in the allocation area, for purposes of tax limitation, property
9 tax replacement, and formulation of the budget, tax rate, and tax levy
10 for each political subdivision in which the property is located is the
11 lesser of:

12 (1) the assessed value of the property as valued without regard to
13 this section; or

14 (2) the base assessed value.

15 (g) If any part of the allocation area is located in an enterprise zone
16 created under IC 4-4-6.1, the unit that designated the allocation area
17 shall create funds as specified in this subsection. A unit that has
18 obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under
19 subsection (b)(2) shall establish an allocation fund for the purposes
20 specified in subsection (b)(2) and a special zone fund. Such a unit
21 shall, until the end of the enterprise zone phase out period, deposit each
22 year in the special zone fund any amount in the allocation fund derived
23 from property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection
24 (b)(1) from property located in the enterprise zone that exceeds the
25 amount sufficient for the purposes specified in subsection (b)(2) for the
26 year. The amount sufficient for purposes specified in subsection (b)(2)
27 for the year shall be determined based on the pro rata portion of such
28 current property tax proceeds from the portion of the enterprise zone
29 that is within the allocation area as compared to all such current
30 property tax proceeds derived from the allocation area. A unit that has
31 no obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds
32 under subsection (b)(2) shall establish a special zone fund and deposit
33 all the property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection
34 (b)(1) in the fund derived from property tax proceeds in excess of those
35 described in subsection (b)(1) from property located in the enterprise
36 zone. The unit that creates the special zone fund shall use the fund
37 (based on the recommendations of the urban enterprise association) for
38 programs in job training, job enrichment, and basic skill development
39 that are designed to benefit residents and employers in the enterprise
40 zone or other purposes specified in subsection (b)(2), except that where
41 reference is made in subsection (b)(2) to allocation area it shall refer
42 for purposes of payments from the special zone fund only to that

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1 portion of the allocation area that is also located in the enterprise zone.
2 Those programs shall reserve at least one-half (1/2) of their enrollment
3 in any session for residents of the enterprise zone.

4 (h) The state board of accounts and state board of tax
5 commissioners shall make the rules and prescribe the forms and
6 procedures that they consider expedient for the implementation of this
7 chapter. After each general reassessment under IC 6-1.1-4, the state
8 board of tax commissioners shall adjust the base assessed value one (1)
9 time to neutralize any effect of the general reassessment on the
10 property tax proceeds allocated to the redevelopment district under this
11 section. However, the adjustment may not include the effect of property
12 tax abatements under IC 6-1.1-12.1, and the adjustment may not
13 produce less property tax proceeds allocable to the redevelopment
14 district under subsection (b)(2) than would otherwise have been
15 received if the general reassessment had not occurred. The state board
16 of tax commissioners may prescribe procedures for county and
17 township officials to follow to assist the state board in making the
18 adjustments.

19 **(i) Expenditures made by the redevelopment district from the**
20 **allocation fund under subsection (b)(2) are subject to the approval**
21 **of the fiscal body of the unit. However, the fiscal body of the unit**
22 **may not refuse to approve an expenditure if that refusal would**
23 **impair the rights of owners of bonds of the district or bonds**
24 **payable from lease rentals made by the district under this chapter.**

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